

## China 20<sup>th</sup> Century & Beyond—Timeline

1911	Revolution of 1911—end of Qing Dynasty
1912	Parliamentary government formed (democracy)—by 1915 president declares himself emperor
May 4, 1919	May 4 <sup>th</sup> Movement—an anti-imperialist, cultural, and political movement which grew out of student participants in Beijing on 4 May 1919. They protested against the Chinese government's weak responses to the stipulations of the Treaty of Versailles, especially it allowing Japan to receive territories in China.
1919	Sun Yat-sen reorganizes revolutionary movement under Guomindang (Nationalist Party)
1921	Chinese Communist Party formed
1927	Chinese Civil War began
1934-35	Mao's Long March, a series of retreats by the Red Army to evade Nationalist forces
1936	Japan expands occupation of northeast China, the Nationalists join fragile "united front" with Communists to defend against the common threat. At the end of WWII, the Nationalist-Communist civil war resumes.
1949	Communists win Civil War
1958	Mao launched his "Great Leap Forward," a campaign to catapult China into advanced socialism by massively increasing industrial and farm output through collectivization.
1961	Relations with the Soviet Union deteriorated over Cold War policy and ideological disputes. China denounces Soviet leadership of the Communist bloc.
1966-76	Cultural Revolution, a violent campaign to rid the country of ideological enemies.
Feb 1972	U.S. President Richard Nixon visited China
Sep 1976	Mao died. Cultural Revolution officially ended.
1977	Four Modernizations were goals first set forth by Deng Xiaoping to strengthen the fields of agriculture, industry, national defense, and science and technology in China
1979	One Child Policy—in urban areas
April-June 1989	Tiananmen Square Incident—Students and workers protest for political reform and against corruption before the army crushes the movement on June 4, killing hundreds.
July 1, 1997	British colonial rule of Hong Kong ends and the territory reverts back to Chinese sovereignty.
2008	Hosted of the 2008 Summer Olympics, worldwide attention—including scrutiny for its human rights record.
2010	China surpassed Japan as the world's second-largest economy.
July 1, 2011	The party marked its 90-year anniversary.

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